

The logo for amtec, featuring the word "amtec" in a lowercase, sans-serif font with a green outline, set against a white background. The logo is positioned in the top left corner of the slide.

amtec

Understanding European Flange Design Rules (EN 1591-1) & Gasket Characterization Methods (EN 13555) & Their Application in Reducing Fugitive Emissions

Manfred Schaaf

A large, stylized version of the amtec logo, rendered in a light green color with a white outline, centered on the slide.

amtec

**VSP Technologies - Sealing Conference
November 21, 2013, Prince George VA**

amtec
North America, Inc.

amtec

North America, Inc.

registered 2013



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German Parent Company

amtec

**Advanced Measurement
Messtechnischer Service GmbH**

established 1979

Tel. +49 7133 9502-0

Fax: +49 7133 9502-22

E-Mail: info@amtec.de



- **Testing Laboratory**
- **Testing Equipment**
- **Measurement Techniques**
- **Calculation Programs**
(service and software, EN & KTA code, FEA)
- **Bolt Mounting Systems**
(Hydraulic Tensioners, Measurement Tools)
- **Data Bases Designed**
(Joint Integrity Management)

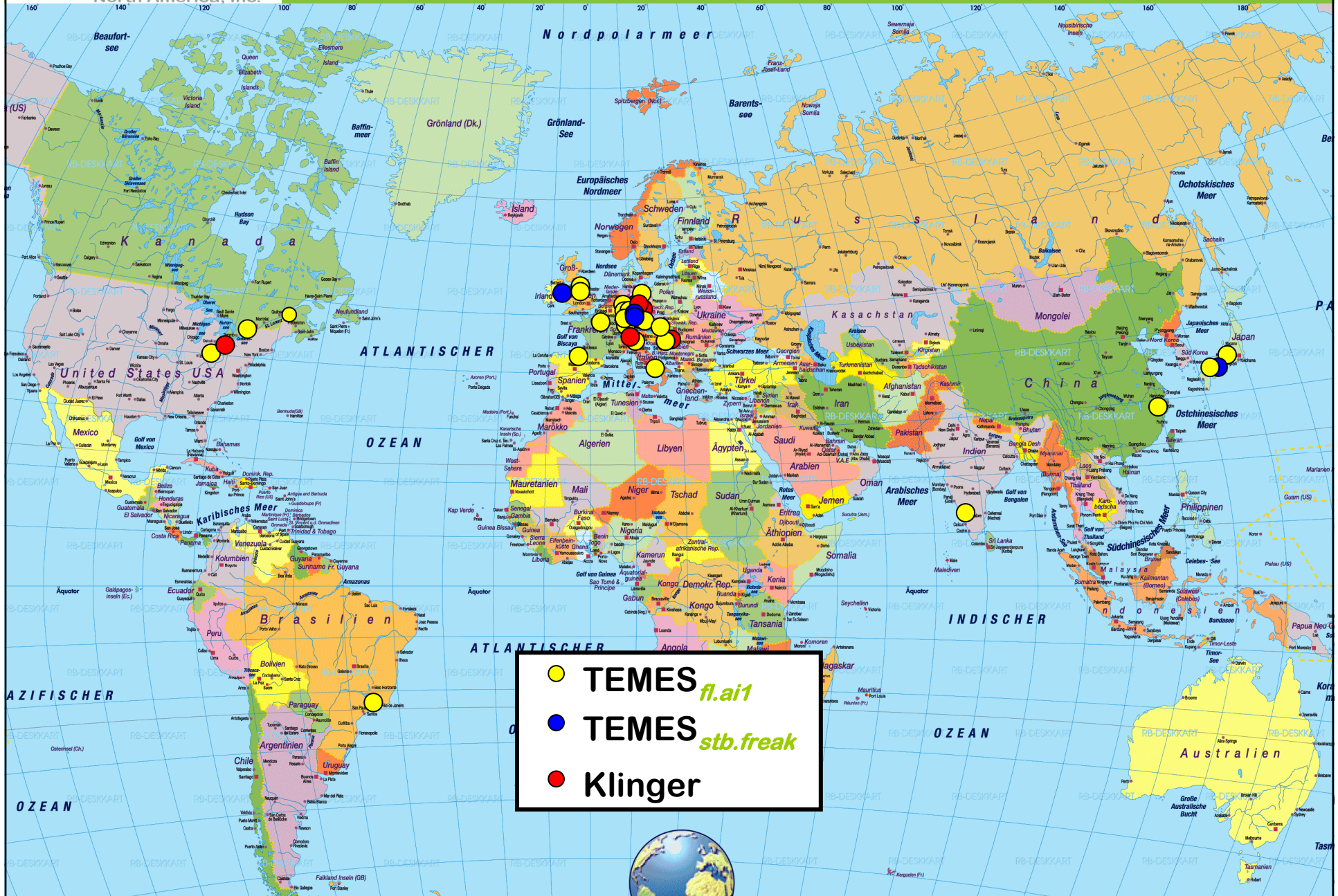
TEMES

Advanced
Tools for the
Reduction of
Fugitive
Emissions

amtec
North America, Inc.

TEMES^(tm)

Testing and
Mounting **E**quipment for
Sealings





DONIT TESNIT
Global sealing supplier

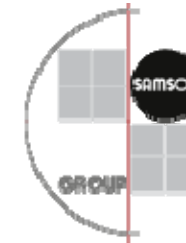


kempchen



HOOSIER
GASKET
CORPORATION





The logo for amtec, featuring the word "amtec" in a lowercase, sans-serif font with a green outline, set against a white background. The background of the entire slide is a faded image of an industrial facility with pipes and structures under a blue sky.

amtec

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**Whoever promises you that
he can provide**

ZERO LEAKAGE,

don't trust him, it

is a fairy tale!



Origin: Hamburger Morgenpost



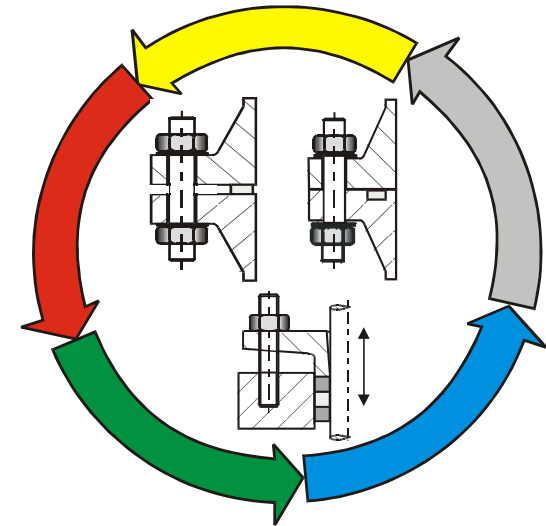


Origin: TAS Schwinghammer

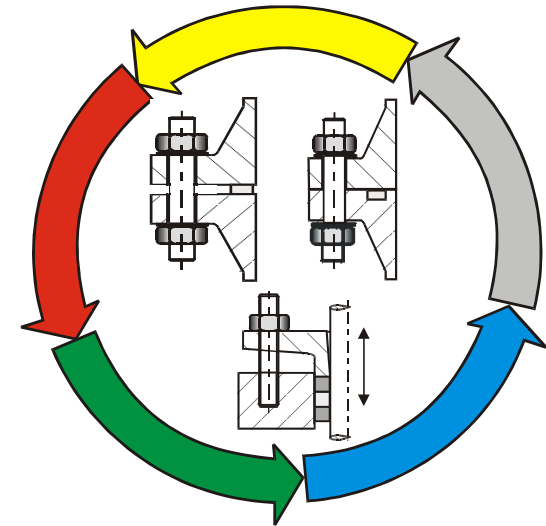


Origin: LDAR Envolve Ltd.

- **Background Information**
- **European Standards**
- **Industry Experience**
- **Outlook**



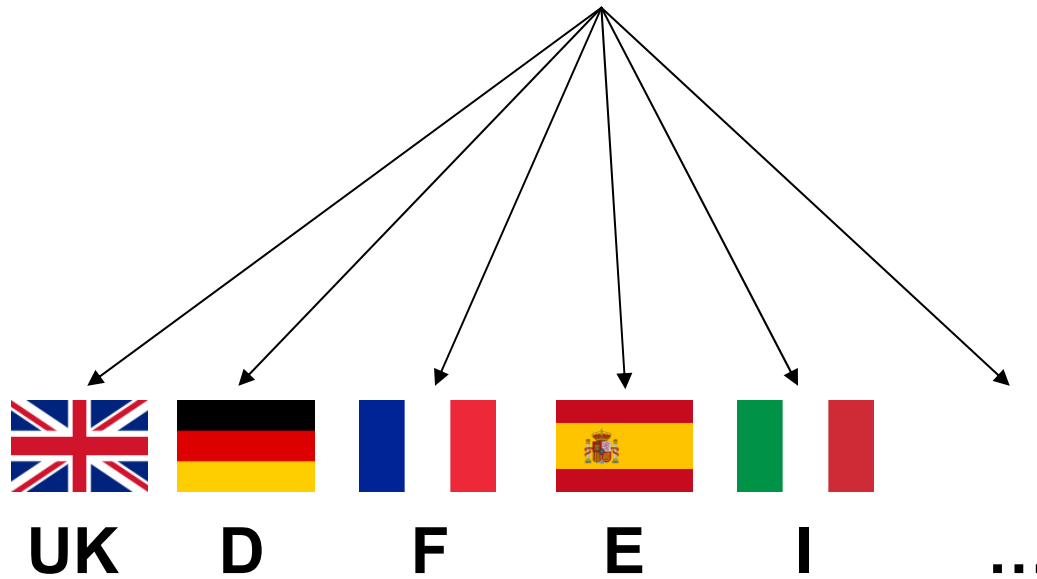
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EU Legislation (Regulations, Directives, etc.)

*European
Commission/
Parliament/
Council of
Ministers*



*EU Member
States*

Directives are transposed into National Legislation

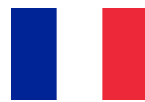


EU Legislation (Industrial Emission Directive)

European
Commission/
Parliament/
Council of
Ministers

BREF

**Transposition
Tools**



... **TA-Luft** ...
(Technical Instruction
on Air Quality Control)

VDI Guidelines

EU Member
States

- **EU Legislation:**
Integrated Pollution Prevention and Control (IPPC) Directive 2008/01/EC
Industrial Emission Directive (IED) 2010/75/EU
 - **German Legislation:**
Technical Instructions on the Air Quality Control - TA-Luft
 - **VDI 2440:**
Approval of gasket materials as high-grade sealing system in a first-time test („TA-Luft approval“)
 - **VDI 2200:**
Additional demands on high-grade sealing systems in respect of the design, the calculation, and the assembly of bolted flanged joints
- ➔ **VDI 2290**
Emission control – Sealing constants for flange connections
2012-06

- **Basics for design and calculation of flanged joints**
 - Applicable calculation rules → EN1591-1
 - Gasket characteristics → EN13555

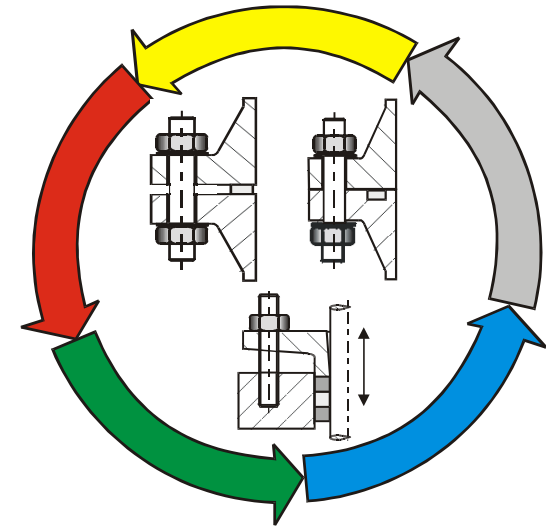
- **Explanations on gasket characteristics for the calculation of flange joints**
 - Testing procedure
 - Interpretation of first-time test
 - Selection / interpolation of gasket characteristics

- **Assembly of flanged joints** → EN1591-4

- **Tightness demands** → L_{0.01} (He)

No LDAR program required!

- Background Information
- **European Standards**
- Industry Experience
- Outlook





“Flanges and their Joints”

- **WG 1** Basic Standards
- **WG 2** Steel Flanges (PN and Class)
- **WG 3** Cast Iron Flanges (PN)
- **WG 4** Copper Alloy Flanges (PN and Class)
- **WG 5** Aluminium Alloy Flanges (PN and Class)
- **WG 8** Gaskets
- **WG 9** Bolting
- **WG 10** Calculation Methods

... It is recognised that industry must reduce its impact on the environment in order to ensure global development for the future. Part of industrial emissions occur through unanticipated or spurious leaks in process systems, e.g. from leaking valves, pumps or flanges. These "fugitive emissions" have not only an impact on the environment, but cause also a tremendous financial burden on industry, because it represents a huge loss of potentially valuable materials, and cause of plant inefficiency. ...

... It is recognised that industry must reduce its impact on the environment in order to ensure global development for the future. Part of industrial emissions occur through **fugitive emissions** leaks in process systems, equipment, leaking valves, pumps or flanges. These "fugitive emissions" have not only an impact on the environment, but cause also a tremendous financial burden on industry, because it represents **cause plant inefficiency** materials, and cause of plant inefficiency. ...

... The European standards for the determination of the gasket characteristics and for the flange calculation enable the determination of the required assembly bolt forces to fulfil a demanded tightness class. This shall give the industry the possibility to reduce fugitive emissions in a pro-active manner instead of implementing control measures to find leaks on site and to minimize the leaks in this reactive way. It is therefore crucial to have testing standards as well as technical delivery conditions for gaskets and gasket materials, also a calculation procedure is required for the stress and tightness analysis. ...

... The European standards for the determination of the gasket characteristics and for the flange

reduce fugitive emissions required
in a pro-active manner to

reduce fugitive emissions in a pro-active manner instead of implementing control measures to find

instead of implementing
control measures to find leaks

and gasket materials, also a calculation procedure is required for the stress and tightness analysis. ...

- **prEN 13555 rev**
Flanges and their joints - Gasket parameters and test procedures relevant to the design rules for gasketed circular flange connections
Formal Vote 2013-11
[2014-03](#)
- **prEN 1591-1 rev**
Flanges and their joints - Design rules for gasketed circular flange connections - Part 1: Calculation
[2013-11](#)
- **prEN 1591-4 rev**
Flanges and their joints - Part 4: Qualification of personnel competency in the assembly of the bolted connections of critical service pressurized systems
[2013-12](#)

EN 1591-1 released as an European Standard in 2001

Amendment A1 of EN 1591-1 released as an European Standard in 2009

New Issue in December 2013

Calculation method for gasketed circular flange connections with gaskets inside the bolt circle and without metal-to-metal contact of the flange faces

- **leak tightness and strength criteria are satisfied**
- **behavior of complete flanges-bolts-gasket system is considered**

- **strength value of flange and bolt materials**
- **gasket characteristics**
- **thermal loads**
- **medium pressure**
- **external axial forces and bending moments**
- **nominal bolt load**
- **possible scatter due to bolting-up procedure**
- **changes in gasket force due to deformation of all components**
- **influence of connected shell or pipe**

- **elastic deformation balance**
- **flange rotation and effective compressed gasket area**
- **iterative determination of the required bolt force in assembly to fulfill **tightness demands****
- **force balance**
(interaction between all components)
- **virtual flange resistance of the flanges**
- **limit load theory**
(admissibility of plastic deformation)

Mechanical characteristics

$Q_{Smax}(RT)$	MPa	Maximum allowable gasket surface pressure at RT
$Q_{Smax}(T)$	MPa	Maximum allowable gasket surface pressure at T
E_G	MPa	Modulus of elasticity
Δe_{GC}	mm	Creep relaxation of the gasket

Tightness characteristics

$Q_{min(L)}$	MPa	Minimum required gasket surface pressure for tightness class L during assembly
$Q_{Smin(L)}$	MPa	Minimum required gasket surface pressure for tightness class L in operation (in dependence on the gasket surface pressure Q_A applied during assembly)

Additional parameters

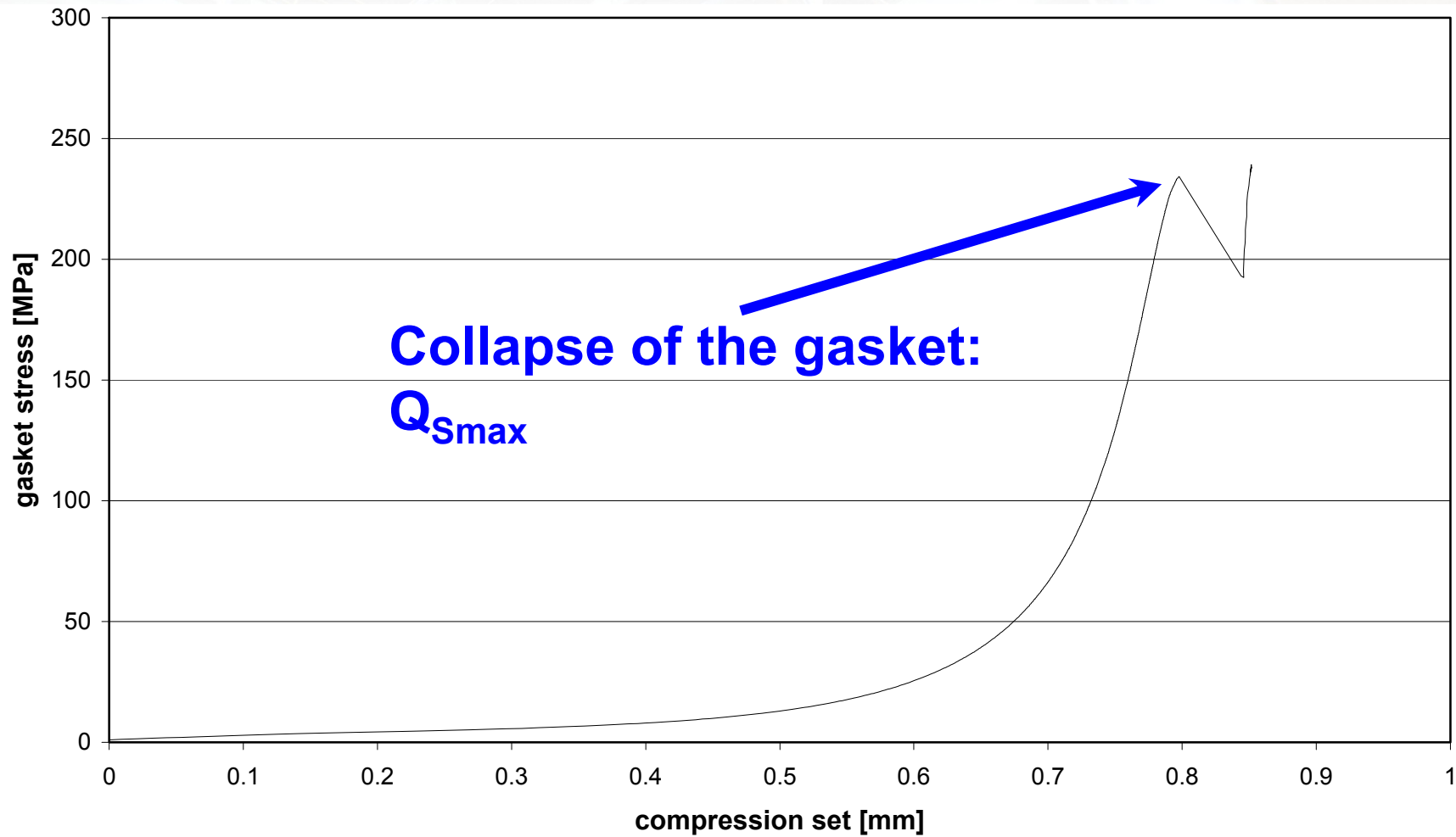
μ_G	-	Friction factor which is necessary for the treatment of shear forces and torsion moments
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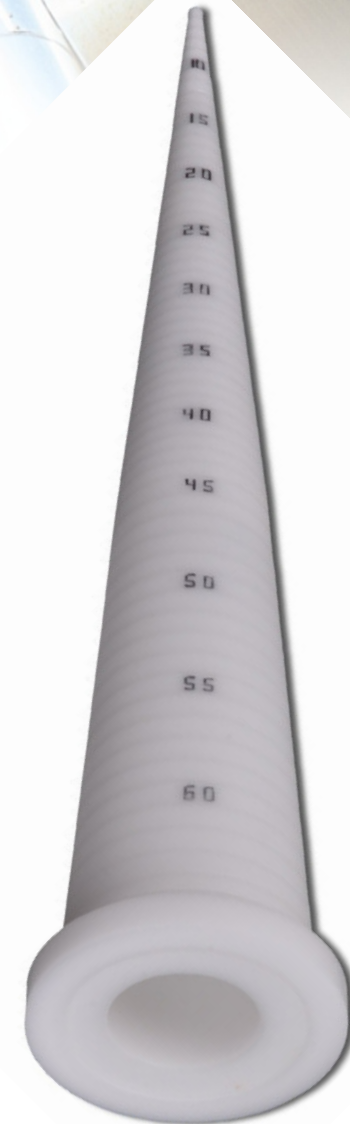
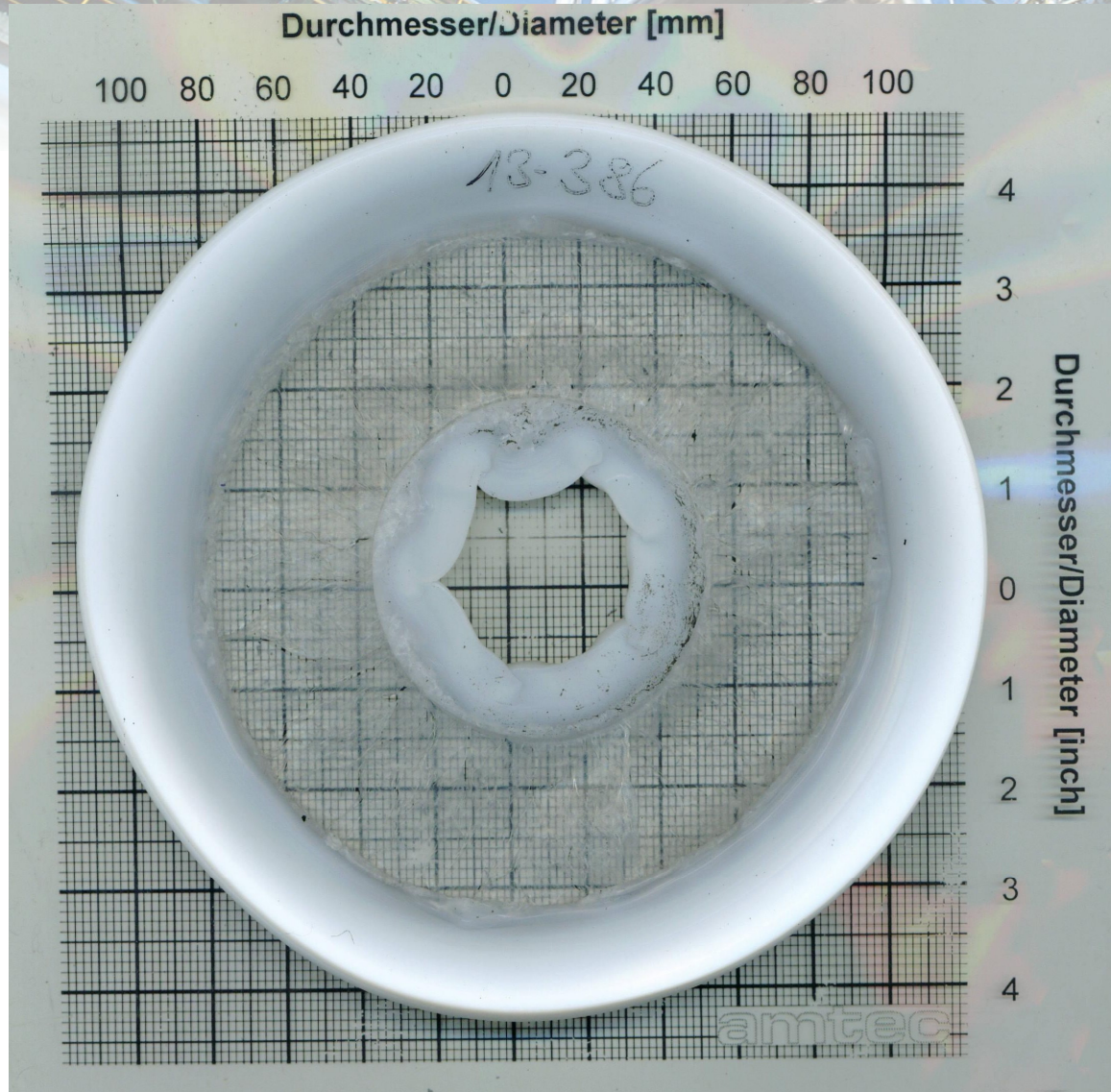
TEMES
fl.ai1



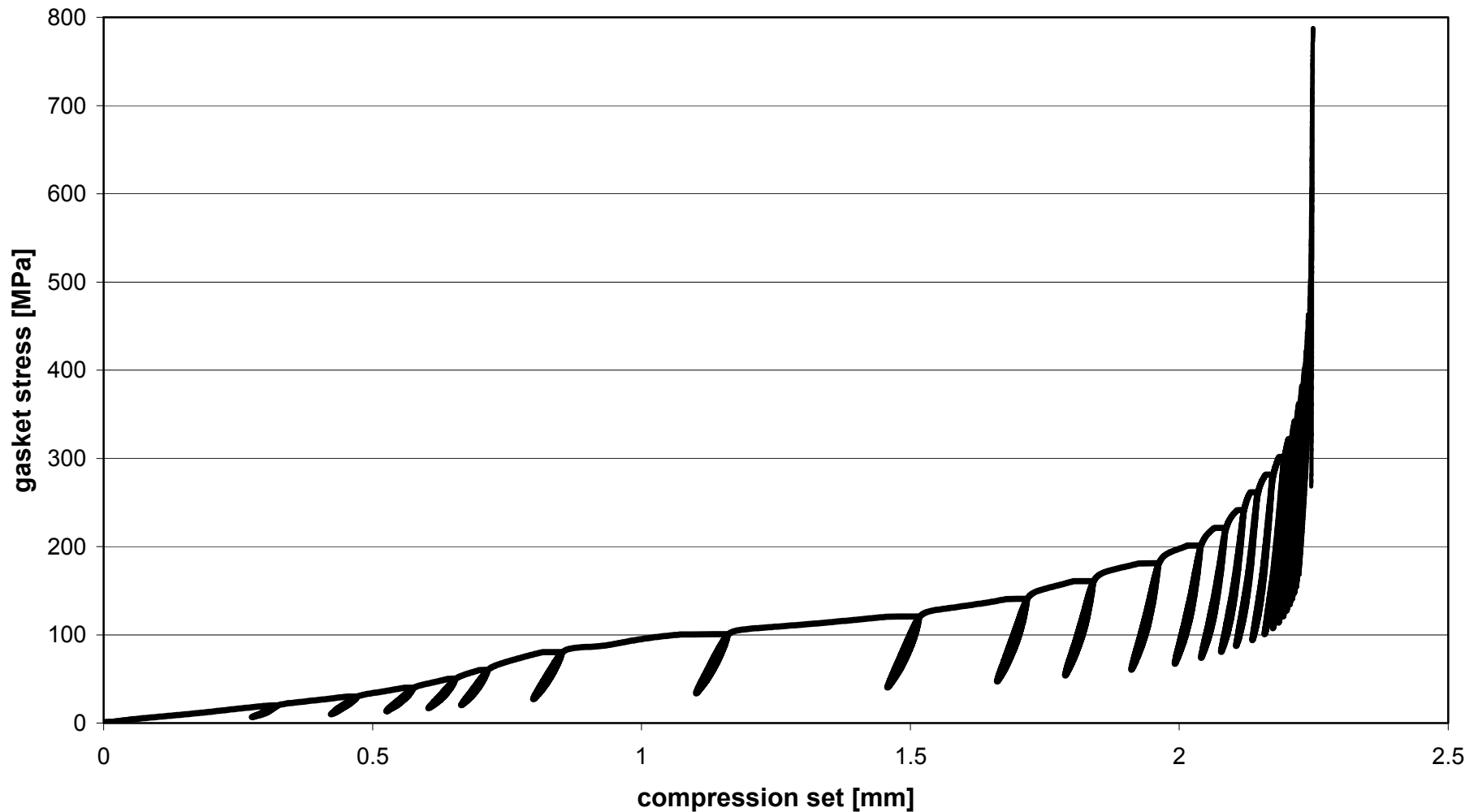
Deformation characteristic

Compression curve
P01-IBC-GR 92x49x1.535 mm
Test number: 10-412



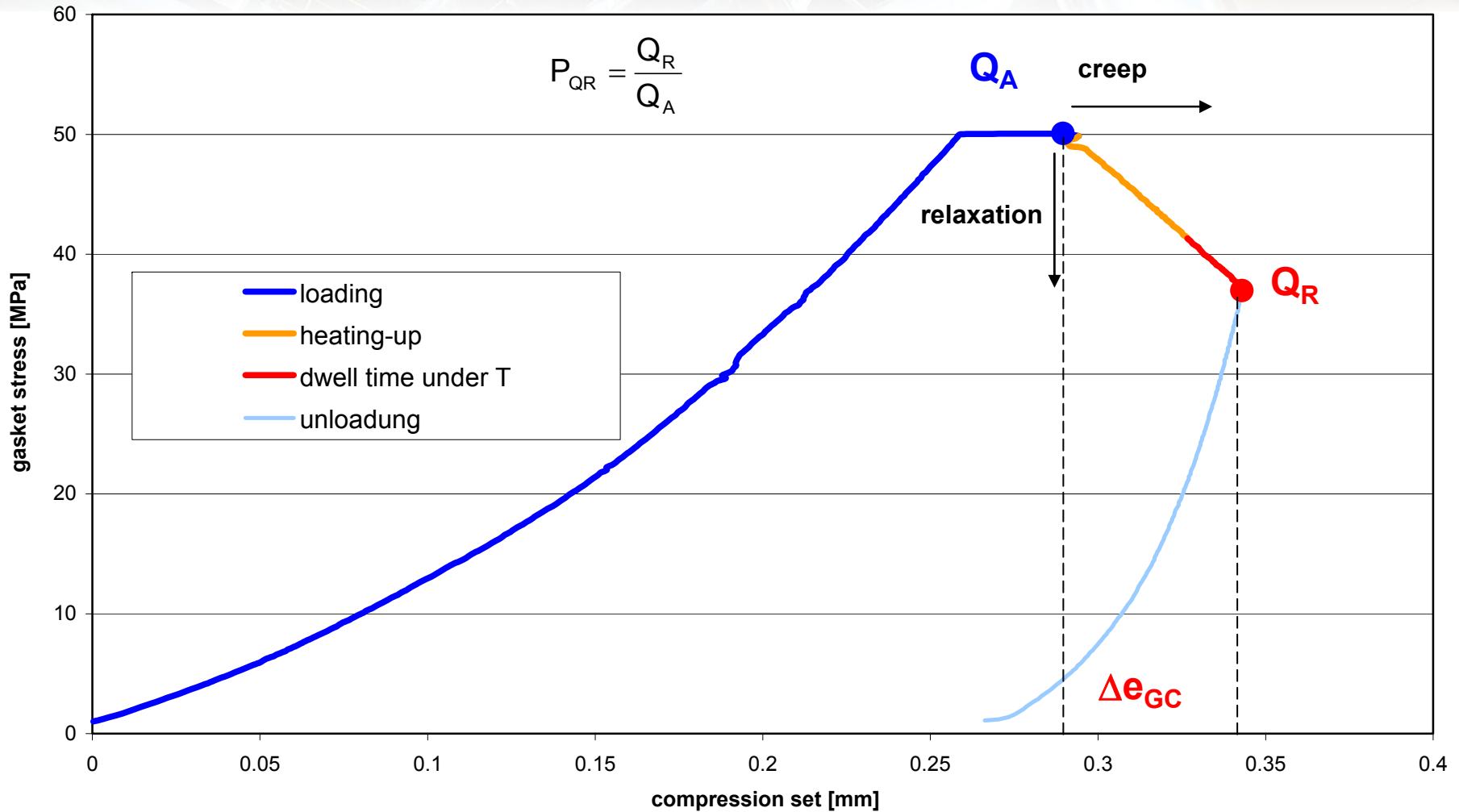


Compression curve
B01-SWG-GR 68.95x56.22x5.192 mm
Versuchsnummer: 10-098

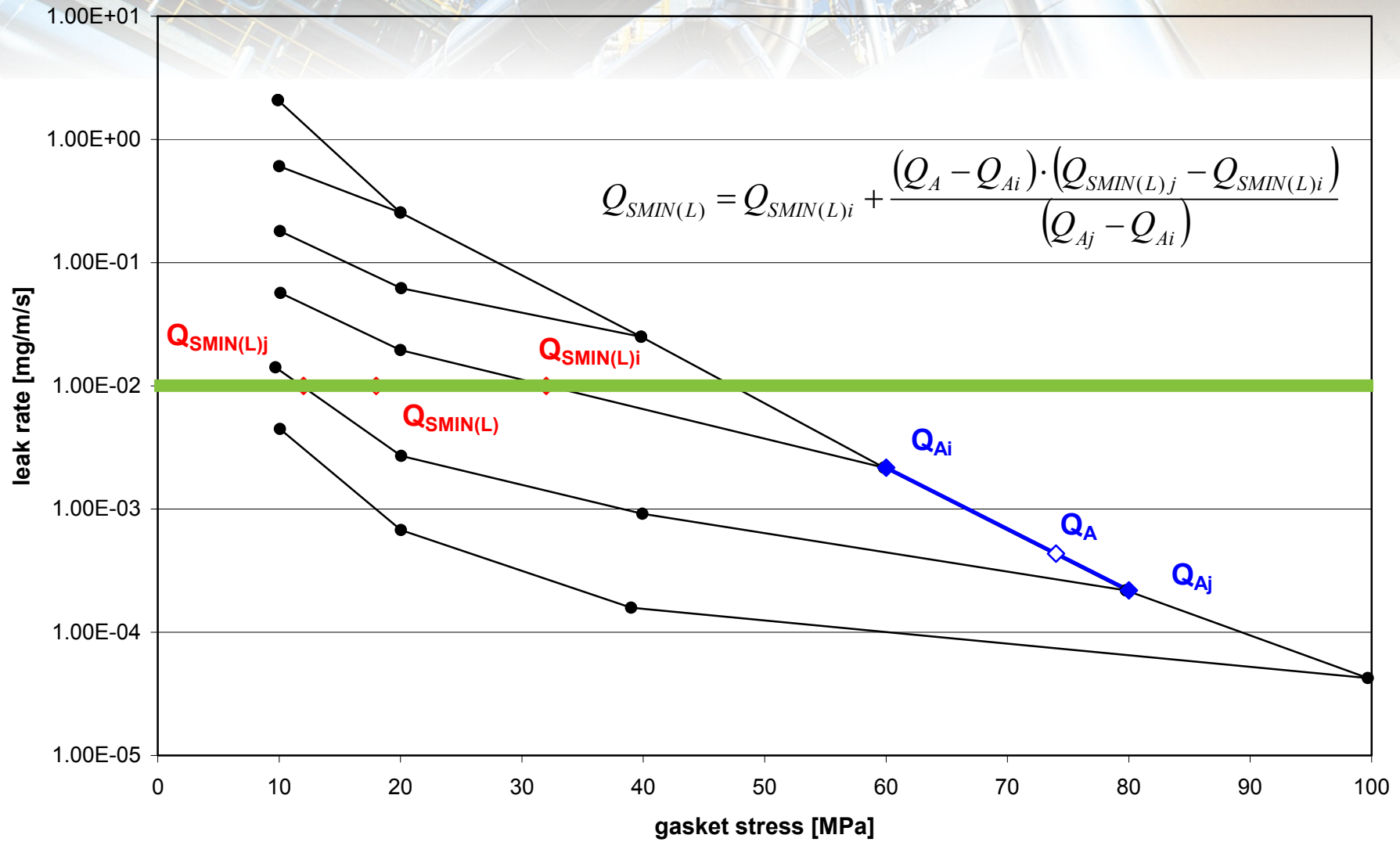


Creep relaxation characteristic

Compression creep curve
D01-IBC-FA 91.7x49.05x2.845 mm
Versuchsnummer: 10-104



Leakage curve



CEN/TS 1591-4 released as an Technical Specification in 2007

Issue as an European Standard in November 2013

Process for training and competency assessment of personnel in the assembly of bolted flanged joints fitted to equipment subject to PED

- **design codes increasingly require controlled bolt tightening**
- **ensure personnel are competent to assemble and tighten bolted joints for a leak-free status throughout its' service life**
- **training, experience and assessment of knowledge are required to achieve competency**

- **procedural framework must be included within operator's quality management system**

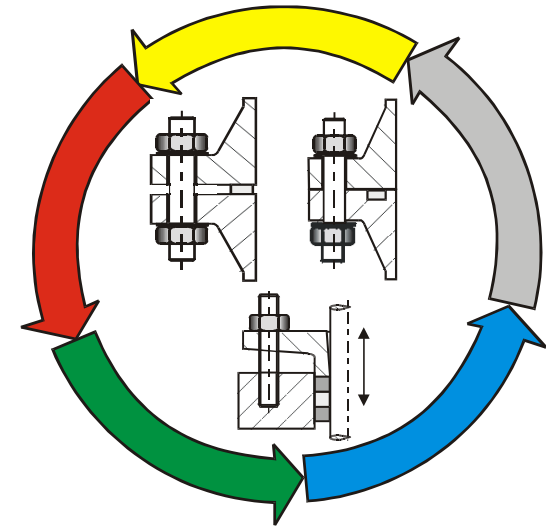
- **route for achieving competency in the skills**
 - **classroom training and workshop practice**
 - **written test**
 - **period of monitored work site experience**
 - **assessment by a qualified assessor**

Work-site experience	Earliest assessment
Frequent and intense	3 months
Infrequent but with intense periods	6 months
Sporadic	12 months

- the principles of bolt elongation (strain), bolt load and stress;
- importance of applied and residual bolt loads;
- bolt load loss and the implications;
- effect of coefficient of friction on bolt load when using torque;
- bolt tightening methods and their relative accuracies;
- joint assembly methods and tightening procedures;
- the requirements to meet a specific class of tightness;
- flange, bolt and gasket types and their limitations;
- functionality of gasket and seal;
- factors affecting the degradation of bolted assemblies, e.g. corrosion;
- common causes of joint failure and leakage;
- specific health or safety requirements associated with joint components;
- maintenance requirements of bolt tightening systems;
- importance of certification and records.

- general health and safety precautions;
- procedure for preparing a joint for closure;
- identification of correct joint components;
- seal face preparation;
- gasket handling, preparation and installation;
- functionality of clamp or engineered joints;
- importance of alignment and gap uniformity;
- importance of using the specified lubricant;
- manual and hydraulic torque joint tightening;
- joint tightening using hydraulic bolt tensioners;
- techniques for measuring bolt strain;
- confirming joint can return to service;
- identifying defects or faults;
- variance or irregularity reporting;
- safe joint disassembly;
- safety requirements when selecting and operating bolt tightening tooling;
- calibration of bolt tightening tooling;
- recording bolted joint activity and maintenance of records.

- Background Information
- European Standards
- **Industry Experience**
- Outlook



Although the VDI 2290 was issued only one year ago, the industry has already experience on the use of this guideline in their plants.

- **Revision of pipe classes**
- **Imperative of EN 1591 (tightness based design)**
- **Greater significance of assembly**
- **Introduction of a quality management circle to assure proper function of BFC's**
- **Reduction of incidents during start-up after turnaround**

PIPE CLASSES																									
Code:							Plant:							UAN:			Page 43 of 69								
Pipe Class XXXXXXXX																									
Nominal pressure		PN 250														Type		Alloy							
Allow. design pressure		MPag	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	25,0	ing	EN 1092, Form E, F		
Design temperature		°C	-10	20	100	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600	650	700	750	800	850	900	950	1000	Corr. Allow.	8,0 mm		
Design Code		AD 2000 - 2000 Requirements																							
Medium		Hy										Branch Table					B-2								
DN		15	20	25	32	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	600					
OD	mm	21,3	26,9	33,7	42,4	48,3	60,3	76,1	88,9	114,3	139,7	168,3	219,1	273,0	323,9	355,6	406,4	457,0	508,0	610,0					
Wth	mm	-	-	-	-	-	16,0	17,5	17,5	20,0	22,2	25,0	30,0	36,0	40,0	40,0	45,0	50,0	55,0	65,0					
Item	DN	Item description	Design		Material see Note 2, 3			Note	Rev.																
			DIN / EN	Short name	Norm																				

Revision required

⋮

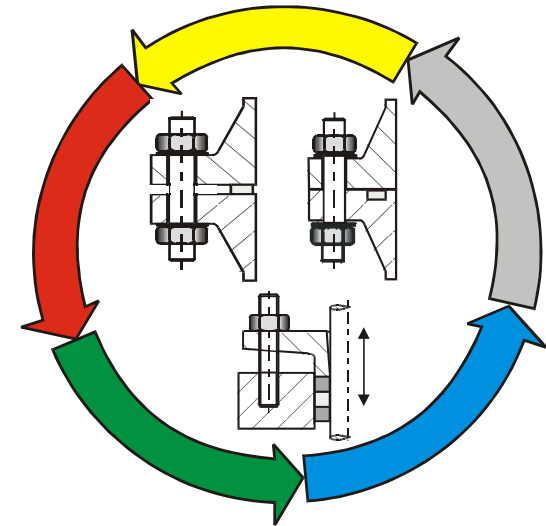
First studies have shown that the new guideline will cause large-scale changes in the sealing technology in industry facilities:

- **Some popular gasket material cannot fulfill the tightness requirements for all operational conditions and/or for all nominal sizes of one pipe class.**
- **Also commonly used bolt materials (quality 5.6) must be replaced by bolts of higher quality because higher gasket stresses are required.**
- **A positive effect will be the determination of bolt forces, torques or bolt elongations as presetting for the fitters.**

Possible improvements in respect of the assembly of flanged joints :

- **Controlled bolt tightening method**
(at least torque wrenches / tables with torques)
- **Qualified fitters**
(individual personnel)
- **Independent check-up of the the assembly quality**
(basis: risk analysis)
- **Installation of a quality management system in the industry plants**
(e.g. detailed work instructions)

- Background Information
- European Standards
- Industry Experience
- **Outlook**



**data collection in
data base
gasket characteristics**

plant engineer → data base

loads
- every state of operation

**review of the data
sheet for BFC's**

design
- geometry
(stiffness)
- materials
- gasket

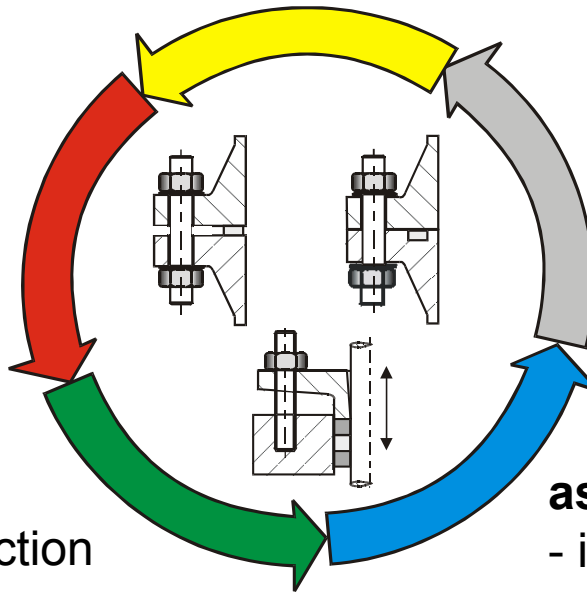
feedback & review
- feedback
- review

calculation
- bolted flange connection
- gasket characteristic
- assembly force, tightness
proof, stress analysis

assembly
- in accordance to the
requirements
- quality assurance
(control)

**new calculation
according EN 1591-1
→ data base**

data sheet for BFC



PROACTIVE APPROACH

REACTIVE APPROACH

GASKET TESTING

CALCULATION

ASSEMBLY

LDAR

Extraordinary Shut-Downs

GASKET
TESTING

CALCULATION

ASSEMBLY

LDAR

Extraordinary Shut-Downs

PROACTIVE APPROACH

REACTIVE APPROACH

GASKET TESTING \$

CALCULATION \$

ASSEMBLY \$

LDAR \$

Extraordinary Shut-Downs

\$

GASKET TESTING \$

CALCULATION \$

ASSEMBLY \$

LDAR \$

Extraordinary Shut-Downs

\$\$



Contact

Please do not hesitate to contact us, if you have any questions on our products and services:



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